





# The People's Press.

SALEM, N. C.

THURSDAY, JUNE 7, 1883.

(Entered as second-class matter at the Post Office at Salem, N. C.)

THE PEOPLE'S PRESS FOR 1883.

ENLARGED AND IMPROVED.

\$1.50 A YEAR.

The Press entered its thirty-first (31st) volume on January 1st, 1883. Now is the time to subscribe. It will be our endeavor to make the Press more interesting and entertaining than ever.

L. V. & E. T. BLUM, Salem, N. C., Jan. 30, 1883.

The development of the old and well known Iron deposits of Surry and Stokes, will, when the Yadkin Valley Railroad is completed, receive an impetus which will lead to the establishment of Rolling Mills, Foundries and Machine Shops in this section of country.

The success of the Cotton and Woolen Mills of the Messrs. Fries, Salem Iron Works and the Wagon Works in Waukegan, the Saw and Planing Mills of Messrs. Fogle Bros., are the pride of our good old towns. Other enterprises are only waiting for the proper men to take hold, to be an assured success.

Where is the young man, or set of men to come forward and say "we will try." Native talent is here, as it occasionally crops out to the surprise of all. Let our young mechanics put the heads together and think about this matter.

"Think it over and over" until you feel assured that there is something in the enterprise you wish to try, and we have no doubt that the older heads, tried and true, will extend you a helping hand. Show that you are earnest and the way of accomplishing your work will be plain.

The State Normal School will hold its third annual session at Winston, June 19 to July 19.

The Daily Eagle has been discontinued, and Mr. Albright is now local editor of the Greensboro Patriot.

Archibald Scates, son of the late Col. Scates has passed his examination and been admitted at the Naval Academy from the fifth District.

There is general complaint of the prospect of the crops of corn, oats, tobacco and potatoes, and even the wheat crop is injured by the protracted drouth. The hay crop is also cut short, but is of good quality.

The Daily Worker is a new paper issued by the Workman Publishing Company, in Greensboro. It promises to be an interesting and well conducted sheet. Success to the enterprise.

Hon. Joseph L. Pulitzer has purchased the New York World. Dr. Pulitzer is a Democrat, has been connected with journalism for a number of years, and he will no doubt succeed in his efforts to make the World one of the leading papers of the country.

A very interesting number of DEMOREST'S MAGAZINE is the June issue of this popular and pleasing publication. The opening article, which is illustrated, is "Home, Sweet Home, and its Author," contributed by Virginia Titcomb. "Pictures from Roumania," profusely illustrated, is of great interest, as is "The House of the Troubadours," by Lizzie T. Lewis. Jennie June's "How We Live in New York" gives a glimpse of a workingman's home, and the story "Out of the World" is continued. The shorter stories are contributed by Jenny Burr, Dorothy Holroyd, Miss E. B. Chesborough, and Erle Douglas; while among the poets of this number are George W. Bangay, Carlotta Perry, Ellen Hutchinson, and Adelaide Waldron. "Home Art and Home Comfort," "Current Topics," various departments treating of fashion, household matters, science and art, and a variety of miscellaneous articles, combine to make DEMOREST'S MAGAZINE for June a remarkably interesting number. The pictorial department is excellent; the fine steel engraving, "The Palm Offering," being after the celebrated painting by F. Goodall, the noted English artist, and is not only a fine specimen of the engraver's skill, but gives an admirable idea of the style of the great painter.

STORM IN WILMINGTON.—On Saturday, says the Wilmington Star, one of the severest rain and wind storms prevailed in Wilmington that has been known for many years. We have frequently had harder blows, but considering the long continuance of the gale and the immense flood of rain with which it was accompanied, it was a storm long to be remembered. The wind as we learn upon application at the Signal Office, obtained to a velocity of 38 miles per hour. The rainfall from 10.10 a. m. to 3 p. m. aggregated 2.36 inches, and from 3 p. m. Friday to 3 p. m. yesterday it amounted to 4 inches; which is a very heavy rain fall.

State Medical Society. This body was in session last week at Tarboro. It seems to have very interesting meetings. A number of valuable papers were read and interesting discussions had. A good many young physicians passed examinations before the State Board of medical examiners and were admitted to practice. Upon invitation of Dr. Hines the society determined to meet next year at Raleigh. Dr. Satchell read resolutions of sympathy for Dr. Hugh Kelly, of Statesville, an ex-president of the society, in his sickness, which passed. The following are the officers for the next year:

President, Dr. A. B. Pierce.  
First Vice-President, Dr. F. W. Potter.  
Second Vice-President, Dr. G. W. Graham.  
Third Vice-President, Dr. R. Dillard.  
Fourth Vice-President, Dr. G. W. Long.  
Secretary, Dr. L. Julian Picot.  
Treasurer, Dr. A. G. Carr.  
Editor, Dr. Julian M. Baker.  
Examiner, Dr. S. L. Nicholson.

The Attorney-General has given an opinion to the Secretary of the Treasury that under the provisions of the act approved March 3, 1883, the internal revenue tax reduction bill with tariff amendments no tax can be collected on capital and deposits of the national banks since the first day of last January and no tax on capital and deposits of State banks or private banks since the 1st day of last December.

Another Tornado. A terrible cyclone struck Greenville, Texas, on the evening of June 3d, destroying one hundred and fifty houses, and a number of others moved from their foundations. Only one life was lost, but several persons were more or less injured.

A storm on Saturday destroyed crops below Dallas to such an extent that some of the farmers have given up and were hunting work as day laborers. While standing in shocks in the fields was scattered and deep ruts were washed out. Many dead bodies of sheep, calves, rabbits, dogs and birds were to be found on all sides.

Storms in the West. CINCINNATI, May 30.—Reports from all parts of this State and Indiana report the storm of Monday night as very severe and destructive. In the little Miami Valley bridges were carried away, and many houses flooded and unroofed. In Shelby, Decatur and Bartholomew counties, Indiana, the destruction of farms, fences, timber and growing crops is almost immeasurable. In Butler county, Ohio, a fire near Westchester was badly injured by falling walls. A great number of barns were unroofed and two or three dwellings were demolished. At Lancaster, Owen county, Indiana, W. R. Williams, his wife and children, and four Craft brothers were killed by falling timbers, and several other persons were injured. Reports from various other points in Ohio and Indiana state that high winds and an extraordinary storm of rain, hail and lightning prevailed.

COUNCIL BLUFFS, Iowa, June 2.—At 6 o'clock last evening one of the worst rain storms that ever visited this vicinity set in and for 4 hours poured in torrents. Indian Creek, which runs through the heart of the city, overflowed and the damage is roughly estimated at \$200,000. 7 iron bridges and two stone culverts belonging to the city are swept away, also several dwellings and barns. All the business houses on Main street and Broadway are flooded. Several lives are reported lost. The water in the streets one foot from the creek is waist deep with a swift current. The cries for help could be heard in every direction, and the swiftness of the current rendered assistance very difficult to obtain at this late hour. At 12 o'clock it was still raining in torrents. The flood rose so quickly that many business men found it impossible to reach their wives and children, and a number narrowly escaped death from drowning while endeavoring to get in their houses. The gloom and mourning in the city is universal.

WASHINGTON, June 2.—Postmaster-General Gresham has issued the following order: "Postmasters at first and second class offices will hereafter give their personal attention to the business of their office, and not absent themselves therefrom without authority granted upon written application to this department. Violation of this order will be deemed sufficient cause for removal."

Last Monday evening, at supper, the family of Hon. Wm. M. Robbins ate of pickles which had been bought loose at a grocery store, and shortly thereafter all were taken very sick. They had noted and remarked upon the peculiar flavor, and directly after tea the whole family was taken with vomiting and continued very sick for some time. Mrs. Robbins has been confined to her bed ever since. Maj. Robbins and his children made an early recovery. —Statewide Landmark.

HARRISBURG, Pa., June 1.—Mrs. Susan A. Douglas, aged 27 years, residing in Cumberland county, during the absence of her husband this morning cut the throats of her three children—George, aged 5, William F., aged 3 and H. A., aged 1 year, and then killed herself. All were found dead. The woman used a razor.

## HOME, SWEET HOME.

Next Saturday will be the ninety-second birthday of John Howard Payne, the author of the beautiful and popular song, "Home Sweet Home." Payne was born, says a biographical writer, June 9, 1791, in New York city, and his first appearance on the stage was made at New York in February, 1809, and was a success. It was followed by engagements in New England, the South and West. In 1813 he went to England and on June 4 of that year appeared in Drury Lane Theatre, London. He continued actor several years, after which he devoted himself to literature. His editorship, in London, of a theatrical journal called *The Opera Glass*, did not last long. By the year 1825 he had composed several dramas of merit, including "Brutus," "The Captive," and "The Maid of Milan," which contained "Home, Sweet Home." This drama was included in manuscripts sent to the year 1825 to Charles Kemble of the Covent Garden Theatre, London, for thirty pounds. Miss Tree, a sister of Ellen Tree, sang the song upon its first production. It was popular immediately. A hundred thousand copies were sold in one year, but not one cent was paid to the author by the fortunate publishers. It has been distributed by millions of copies since then, and the greatest singers have delighted myriads of hearers. Some relief to his unfortunate condition was found in his acquaintance, while at Paris, with Washington Irving. He returned to America in 1831, and made his home in New York with a younger brother. His literary schemes proved unprofitable. For some time Payne acted as agent of the Cherokee chief, John Ross, both in the country of his tribe and in Washington. This chivalrous kindness to the Indians led to his arrest by a party of the State militia of Georgia, and temporary imprisonment. President Tyler appointed him consul at Tunis in 1841. He was recalled during the administration of Polk. President Fillmore reappointed him, and he held the position of consul to Tunis at the time of his death.

Mr. W. W. Corcoran, the wealthy banker and philanthropist of Washington, knew Payne during his struggles with poverty and misfortune, and as a tribute to "Home, Sweet Home," concluded to have the poet's remains removed to this city for permanent burial. In 1873 the First Church of Brooklyn erected a monument to Payne in Prospect Park, and some of Payne's friends desired to have his remains brought to that city, but Mr. Corcoran, who bore all the expense of the removal, preferred Oak Hill Cemetery, on Georgetown Heights, near Washington.

Here is what is said to be Payne's revised final version: "Mid pleasure and palace through we may be, / And ever so humble, there's no place like home. / A charm from the sky seems to hallow us there. / Which, seek through the world, is ne'er met with elsewhere! / Home, Home, Sweet, Sweet, Home! / There's no place like home! / There's no place like home! / There's no place like home!"

A Successful Year. The Managers of the American Bible Society have just presented their sixty-seventh Annual Report. During the previous year of the history of the Society has so many pages of the sacred word been issued; and only a single year—the last of the great civil war—ranks the year just closed. In the United States the Fourth General Supply has been auspiciously inaugurated, and in foreign lands the Society has entered new fields, while in countries where the work had been previously established it has been prosecuted with remarkable vigor and success. Three hundred and eleven copies have been procured in this country, and two hundred and seventy-six in foreign lands.

The receipts for the year for general purposes were \$508,641.91. Of this amount \$283,999.55 were received for books and on Purchase account \$174,109.59 from legacies; \$60,367.33 in donations; \$1,000.00 for societies, churches and individuals; \$32,294.47 from rentals and the balance from interest and other sources. Besides which, \$53,000 have been added to the trust fund, the interest of which alone is applicable for general purposes. The disbursements for manufacturing and for all other general purposes were \$596,206.89. For the foreign work of the Society, to be extended during the coming year, the amount of \$164,986.86 has been appropriated. The number of copies of the Scripture issued during the year is 1,676,332. The issues of the Society, during sixty-seven years amount to forty-two millions, eighty-three thousand, eight hundred and sixteen.

The Missing Under-shirt. The morning was warm, and he imprudently made a change in his underclothing. Our climate is deceptive. Before evening there came upon a chilly storm. An attack of sickness followed of course. But Perry Davis' Pain Killer was used for relief, with the happiest effect. In these summer months of suddenly varying temperature, everybody ought to keep a bottle of this valuable remedy within reach.

BANKRUPT CIRCUS BERT. The canvass and fixtures of Barium's Circus was burnt at Chicago, on the 5th. Loss estimated at \$150,000, with no insurance. All the animals and horses were saved.

## CAUGHT A BAD COLD.

The SUMMER COLDS and Coughs are quite as dangerous as those of midwinter.

But they yield to the same treatment, and ought to be taken in time.

For all diseases of THROAT, NOSTRILS, HEAD or BREATHING-PARTS.

Perry Davis' Pain Killer

is the SOVEREIGN Remedy

ALL DRUGGISTS KEEP

PAIN KILLER

ESTABLISHED 1845

We continue to receive orders for patients, via trade-mark, copyright, etc., for the United States, and to be sold in Canada, England, France, Germany, and all other countries.

Patents claimed there, we are entitled to the largest circulation in the world. The advantage of such a discovery is self-evident. For further particulars, apply to the proprietor, Perry Davis, at his residence, 101 N. 2nd St., New York, N. Y.

This valuable and popularly illustrated newspaper is published weekly, and is the best paper devoted to scientific, mechanical, engineering, and general progress in any country. Single copies 10 cents. Sold by all news-vendors.

Address: Perry Davis, Publisher of Scientific American, 101 N. 2nd St., New York, N. Y.

Handbook of the most reliable and trustworthy information.

—Malaria, Chills and Fever, and Bilious attacks positively cured by Emory's Sufferer and Cure Pills—an infallible remedy never fails to cure the most obstinate, long-standing cases where Quinine and all other remedies have failed. They are prepared exclusively for malarious regions, long journeys, and all other cases where a strong cathartic and a chill breaker, sugar-coated, contain no Quinine or Mercury, causing no griping or purging; they are mild and efficient, certain in their action, and harmless in all cases; they effectually cleanse the system, and give new life and tone to the body. As a household remedy they are unequalled. For lower Colonies, their equal is not known; one box will have a wonderful effect on the worst case. They are used and prescribed by Physicians, and sold by Druggists everywhere or sent by mail, 15 and 50 cent boxes. Emory's Sufferer and Cure Pills, 114 Nassau street New York.

REST not, life is sweeping by, and dare before you die, something might be done, and you would be left to conquer time. So get out free. No risk. Everything new. Capital not required. We will furnish you everything. Many are making fortunes. Considerable money can be made, boys and girls make great pay all the time, write for particulars to H. HALLITT & Co., Portland, Maine.

THOSE WISHING Tomb Stones will please bring in their orders at once. I have a new brick shop and am prepared to fill orders promptly.

I. W. DURHAM, Winston, N. C.

IMPROVED EVAPORATOR.

ISAAC N. NULL, PATENTEE.

Patented January 2, 1883. No 269,877.

CLAIM.—The herein described improved evaporating pan, consisting of the L shaped pan, having partition D provided with a gutter, and a frame, plates G, extending alternately from each side wall towards the other, in both compartments of pan, for the purpose of conveying the liquid to the plates G, and from thence to the strainer I, secure plates G, at any desired point in either compartment of the pan as above set forth in the claims.

By this construction, a man standing at the angle, can easily reach and skim the liquid, and is prevented from being exposed to the common practice of making the pans rectangular is not readily practicable. By my improved construction I am thus enabled to dispense with the labor of one man where two are required at those of ordinary construction.

The undersigned is the sole owner of the above patent for the United States of America, and is prepared to grant to any County or State rights to sell purchasers. Also prepared to furnish full particulars.

HENRY N. NULL, F. O. Winston, N. C.

Salem Cotton Gin.

SEED COTTON WILL NOW BE RECEIVED AT THE

Gin-House on Shallowford St.,

Monday, November 20th, or before.

Cotton will be ginned on shares, or for cash; and we will buy the seed cotton, or the lint after ginning.

Our facilities for good, speedy work are admirable. Our terms reasonable, and square dealings guaranteed.

J. F. SHAFFNER, Salem N. C., Nov. 13, 1882.

WISDOM people are always on the lookout for chances to increase their earnings, and in time become wealthy. Those who do not improve their opportunities remain in poverty. We offer a great chance to make money. We want many men, women, boys and girls to work for us right in their own localities. Any one can do the work properly from the first start. The business will pay more than ten times ordinary wages. Expensive outfit furnished free. No one who engages fails to make money rapidly. You can devote your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. Full information and all that is needed sent free. Address Strissos & Co., Portland, Maine.

## North Carolina R. R.

Condensed Schedules.

TRAINS GOING EAST.

Date, Jan. 3, 1883. No. 51. Daily. No. 53. Daily.

Leave Charlotte..... 10 10 a. m. 10 10 p. m.  
Arrive Salisbury..... 1 10 p. m. 1 10 a. m.  
Arrive Greensboro..... 3 10 p. m. 3 10 a. m.  
Arrive High Point..... 5 10 p. m. 5 10 a. m.  
Arrive Salisbury..... 7 10 p. m. 7 10 a. m.  
Arrive Greensboro..... 9 10 p. m. 9 10 a. m.  
Arrive High Point..... 11 10 p. m. 11 10 a. m.

No. 15.—Daily, except Saturday. Leave Greensboro 6 30 a. m. Arrive at Raleigh 2 45 p. m. Arrive Goldsboro 7 20 a. m.

No. 31.—Connects at Greensboro with R. & D. R. for all points North, East and West, via Danville. At Salisbury with W. N. C. R. R. for all points in Western North Carolina.

No. 53.—Daily at Greensboro with R. & D. R. for all points North, East and West, and for all points on the W. & W. R. R.

TRAINS GOING WEST.

Date, Jan. 3, 1883. No. 50. Daily. No. 52. Daily.

Leave Goldsboro..... 10 10 a. m. 10 10 p. m.  
Arrive Salisbury..... 1 10 p. m. 1 10 a. m.  
Arrive Greensboro..... 3 10 p. m. 3 10 a. m.  
Arrive High Point..... 5 10 p. m. 5 10 a. m.  
Arrive Salisbury..... 7 10 p. m. 7 10 a. m.  
Arrive Greensboro..... 9 10 p. m. 9 10 a. m.  
Arrive High Point..... 11 10 p. m. 11 10 a. m.

No. 16.—Daily, except Sunday.—Lv. Golds. 4 40 a. m. Arr. Raleigh 8 30 p. m. Arr. Greensboro 9 10 a. m. Arr. Greensboro 4 45 p. m.

No. 50.—Connects at Charlotte with C. & C. A. L. for all points in South and South-west.

No. 52.—Connects at Charlotte with C. & C. A. R. R. for all points South and South-west.

N. W. A. C. RAILROAD.

GOING WEST. No. 50. Daily. No. 52. Daily.

Leave Greensboro..... 9 25 p. m. 10 25 a. m.  
Arrive Salisbury..... 10 10 p. m. 11 35 a. m.  
Arrive Greensboro..... 11 10 p. m. 12 00 a. m.

GOING EAST. No. 51. Daily. No. 53. Daily.

Leave Salem..... 6 30 a. m. 6 15 p. m.  
Arrive Kernersville..... 6 45 a. m. 6 15 p. m.  
Arrive Greensboro..... 7 45 a. m. 8 00 p. m.

State University Railroad.

GOING NORTH. No. 1. Daily. No. 2. Daily.

Leave Chapel Hill..... 7 30 a. m. 7 30 p. m.  
Arrive University..... 8 00 a. m. 8 00 p. m.

GOING SOUTH. No. 2. Daily. No. 1. Daily.

Leave Raleigh..... 8 00 a. m. 8 00 p. m.  
Arrive University..... 8 30 a. m. 8 30 p. m.

PULLMAN SLEEPING CARS WITHOUT CHANGE.

On Train No. 50—New York and Atlanta via Washington and Danville.

Through Tickets on sale at Greensboro, Raleigh, Goldsboro, Salisbury and Charlotte, and at all principal points South and West, via North and East. For Emigrants, rates to Louisiana, Texas, Arkansas and the Southwest, address

M. S. LAUGHTER, Gen'l Pass. Agt., Richmond, Va.

LIFE OF ALEX. H. STEPHENS.

A life of this eminent statesman and patriot whose name is now especially dear to all Southern hearts, is announced for publication early in April in the ELIZABETH LIBRARY—a fact of decided popular interest, because in that form it will be at once a beautiful souvenir, and within the reach of every Southern home. It is written by F. H. Norcross, author of the "Life of General Winfield S. Hancock." "The Life of Gustave Dore," and is illustrated with a volume of over 100 pages, and will be sold for the price of the book. It is well worth a copy from the first edition, as of course the demand will be very large. JOHN B. PUBLISHER, 18 Vesey Street, New York.

FIFTY YEARS

OF

ALMANAC FUN

Just published and for sale at

SALEM BOOKSTORE.

Price 10 Cents by Mail.

DR. J. C. ECTOR.

HAVING removed to Liberty Street, in Winston, offers his professional services to the citizens of Winston, Salem and surrounding country. With a practice of twenty-five years he hopes to have a liberal patronage.

OFFICE: Second house North of First National Bank. Jan. 2, 1883.

A. N. Zevely & Son,

2637 F. Street Washington, D. C.

Attends business before any of the Departments. Collections, etc.

WANDA, OUIDA'S NEW NOVEL, AT THE SALEM BOOKSTORE.

HERRICK'S POEMS, THE FINEST OF BOOKS FOR THE SEASON AT SALEM BOOKSTORE.

SPLENDID PRESENT FOR CHRISTMAS.

North Carolina. In the Superior Court of the State of North Carolina.

Charles R. Johnston and others, Plaintiff, vs. John F. Carlton, Defendant.

Notice to File Exceptions to Report: The defendant, John F. Carlton, will take notice that the report of the commissioner heretofore appointed to sell the lands described in Plaintiff's complaint (known as the Holt land) has been filed in the Court, and that he is required to file exceptions thereto within thirty days after the expiration of this publication.

Given under my hand and official seal on this 14th day of May, A. D. 1883.

J. S. CARLIS, Clerk Superior Court.

John S. Cranor, Attorney for Plaintiff, May 24, 1883.—p4.

HORSE DOCTOR.—A treatise on the horse and his diseases, for sale at the SALEM BOOK STORE. Price 25 cents.

\$70 A WEEK. \$12 a day at home easily made. Costly outfit free. Address Taux & Co., Augusta, Maine.

## The East River Bridge.

From the New York Evening Post.

The public sees two enormous stone towers from which hangs a bridge whose two ends stretch, one into New York and the other into Brooklyn. By the aid of casissons—

huge wooden diving bells, sunk 80 feet below the surface of the water, and resting on the bed-rock—were laid the solid walls of masonry. Each caisson top measured 172 feet by 102 feet, and 22 feet thick of Georgia pine, v. ell barked. The caisson in place, the erection of the towers from each side of the

public A. The towers were steadily pushed high, and the roadway is 115 feet above highwater mark. At the top of the towers are large movable iron plates called "saddles," upon which rests the huge cables sixteen inches thick, which sustains the weight of the bridge. The cables extend back on each side of the enormous anchorages—great masses of masonry in which are embedded the huge anchor plates and the iron links to which the cables are attached. By this system the tremendous "pull" of the cables does not come upon the towers themselves, which stand merely as supports and the cables, exerting a downward pressure, will help hold the towers in place. The total weight which the cables are called upon to bear is about 30,000 tons. One of the most interesting parts of the work was the stretching of the wire. The bridge as every one knows, is held up by cables—huge bunches of wires laid parallel and bound together by an unbroken wrapping, also of wire. Each wire is an eighth of an inch thick, and there are 5,000 of them in each cable. The first wire was carried across in June, 1877, and the wire work was finished in October, 1878.

First estimates and plans made by John A. Roebling at Mr. W. C. Kingley's request in 1865.

Work begun at the Brooklyn tower January 3, 1870.

First wire run over the river August 14, 1876.

First man over the river August 25, 1876.

Foot bridge finished February 7, 1877.

Length of New York approach 15621 feet.

Length of Brooklyn approach 971 feet.

Weight of anchorages about 60,000 tons each.

Size of towers at high water mark 11 by 55 feet.

Size of towers at the top 136 by 53 feet.

Height of towers above high water 271 feet 6 inches.

Length of main span, tower to tower 1,595 feet 6 inches.

Height of main span in middle of river 135 feet 6 inches.

Length of each cable 3,578 feet.

Total length of wire 14,060 miles.

Weight of each cable 3,588 tons.

Strength of each cable 12,200 tons.

Greatest load that can come on one cable 3,000 tons.

Total length of bridge 5,989 feet.

Weight of the whole suspended structure 6,740 tons.

Accident on Brooklyn Bridge.

NEW YORK, May 30.—A terrible accident occurred on the Brooklyn bridge at half past 4 o'clock to-day. The bridge was crowded to its utmost capacity. On the platform at the New York tower the jam became so great that many persons

fainted. A cry of distress was raised and a dreadful struggle began between the panic-stricken crowds coming in east and west. A number were taken to the city hall police station and others to the Chambers Street Hospital. The police report that at least 10 or 15 persons were killed, and it is impossible to say who or how many. Of the 7 wounded who are in the city hall station, one B. Reichers, a cigar maker of No. 335 Delancey street, is now dying. The excitement at the entrance is intense.

Forsyth County. In Superior Court of the State of North Carolina.

Elizabeth James, Plaintiff, vs. The heirs of Emanuel Perrell, Defendants.

Summons: Relief. Mary Perrell, Jackson Perrell and Martha Perrell.

To the Sheriff of Forsyth County, Greeting: You are hereby commanded to summon Philip Perrell and others, the defendants above named if they be found within your county to be and appear at the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court of Forsyth County within twenty days after this service on them, exclusive of the day of this service, and answer the complaint which will be deposited in the office of the Clerk of the Superior Court of said county, within ten days from the date of this summons, and let them take notice that if they fail to answer the said complaint within that time, the plaintiff will apply to the court for the relief demanded in the complaint.

Hereof full notice of this summons may be due return.

Given under my hand and seal of said court this 29th day of May 1883.

C. S. HAUSER, Clerk Superior Court of Forsyth County.

In the above named case it appearing to the satisfaction







